

HOBO® MX Temp/RH Data Logger (MX1101) Manual



The HOBO MX Temp/RH data logger records and transmits temperature and relative humidity (RH) in indoor environments with its integrated sensors. This Bluetooth® Low Energy-enabled logger is designed for wireless communication with a mobile device. Using the HOBOMobile® app, you can easily configure the logger, read it out, and view data on your phone or tablet, or export the data for further analysis. The logger can calculate minimum, maximum, average, and standard deviation statistics and be configured to trip audible or visual alarms at thresholds you specify. The logger also supports burst logging in which data is logged at a different interval when sensor readings are above or below certain limits. This compact data logger also has a built-in LCD screen to display the current temperature, relative humidity, logging status, battery use, memory consumption, and more.

HOBO MX Temp/RH Data Logger

Models: MX1101
MX1101-01 (Japan and Korea)

Included Items:

- Command™ strip
- Double-sided tape
- Hook & loop strap
- Two AAA 1.5 V alkaline batteries

Required Items:

- HOBOMobile app
- Device with iOS 8.3–9.0 or Android™ 4.4, 5.0, or 5.1 and Bluetooth 4.0

Specifications

Temperature Sensor

Range	-20° to 70°C (-4° to 158°F)
Accuracy	±0.21°C from 0° to 50°C (±0.38°F from 32° to 122°F), see Plot A
Resolution	0.024°C at 25°C (0.04°F at 77°F), see Plot A
Drift	<0.1°C (0.18°F) per year

RH Sensor*

Range	1% to 90% (non-condensing)
Accuracy	±2% from 20% to 80% typical at 25°C (77°F), see Plot B
Hysteresis	±2% RH
Resolution	0.01% at 25°C (77°F)
Drift	<1% per year typical

Response Time

Temperature	7:30 minutes in air moving 1 m/s (2.2 mph)
RH	20 seconds to 90% in airflow of 1 m/s (2.2 mph)

Logger

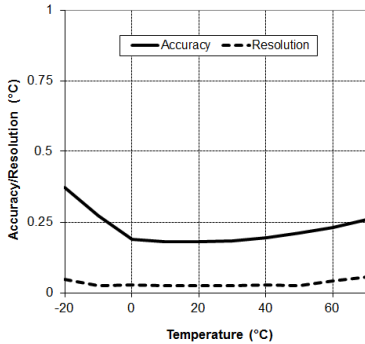
Radio Power	1 mW (0 dBm)
Transmission Range	Approximately 30.5 m (100 ft) line-of-sight
Wireless Data Standard	Bluetooth Low Energy (Bluetooth Smart)
Logger Operating Range	-20° to 70°C (-4° to 158°F); 0 to 95% RH (non-condensing)
Logging Rate	1 second to 18 hours
Logging Modes	Fixed interval (normal, statistics) or burst
Memory Modes	Wrap when full or stop when full
Start Modes	Immediate, push button, date & time, or next interval
Stop Modes	When memory full, push button, date & time, or after a set logging period
Restart Mode	Push button
Time Accuracy	±1 minute per month at 25°C (77°F), see Plot C
Battery Life	1 year, typical with logging interval of 1 minute. Faster logging and/or statistics sampling intervals, entering burst logging mode, and remaining connected with HOBOMobile will impact battery life. Excessive readouts, checking of Full Status Details, audible alarms, and paging all impact battery life. Visual alarms and other events can have a marginal impact on battery life.
Battery Type	Two AAA 1.5 V alkaline batteries, user replaceable
Memory	128 KB (84,650 measurements, maximum)
Full Memory Download Time	Approximately 60 seconds; may take longer the further the device is from the logger

*Per RH sensor manufacturer data sheet

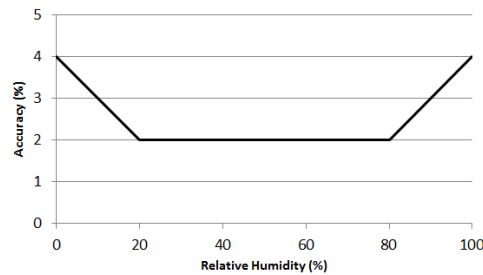
Specifications (continued)

LCD	LCD is visible from 0° to 50°C (32° to 122°F); the LCD may react slowly or go blank in temperatures outside this range
Size	3.66 x 8.48 x 2.29 cm (1.44 x 3.34 x 0.9 in.)
Weight	56 g (1.98 oz)
Environmental Rating	IP50
CE	The CE Marking identifies this product as complying with all relevant directives in the European Union (EU).
FC	See last page

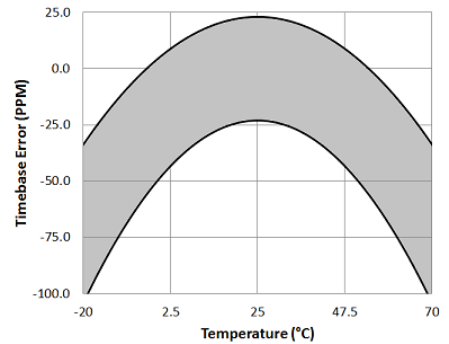
*Per RH sensor manufacturer data sheet



Plot A: Temperature Accuracy and Resolution

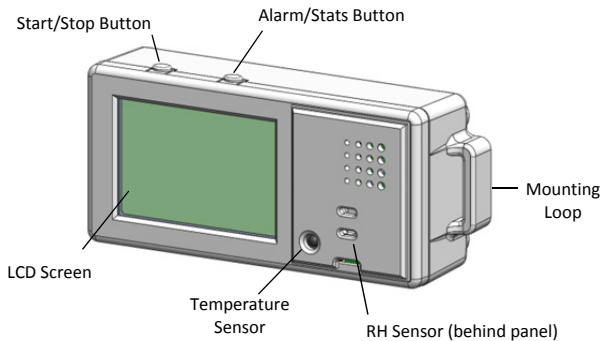


Plot B: Typical RH Accuracy*



Plot C: Time Accuracy

Logger Components and Operation



Start/Stop Button: Press this button for 3 seconds to start or stop logging data, or to resume logging on the next even logging interval. This requires configuring the logger in HOBOMobile with a push button start or stop, and with Allow Button Restart selected (see *Setting up the Logger*). You can also press this button for 1 second to record an internal event (see *Recording Internal Logger Events*), to silence a beeping alarm (see *Setting up Alarms*), or to turn the LCD screen on if the option to turn off the LCD has been enabled (see *Setting up the Logger*).

Press both the Start/Stop button and the Alarm/Stats button simultaneously for 3 seconds to reset a logger password.

Alarm/Stats Button: Press this button for 1 second to switch between statistics, alarm readings, and the current sensor readings as applicable or to silence a beeping alarm. Press this button for 3 seconds to clear a visual alarm if the logger was

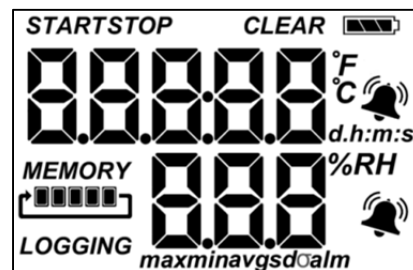
configured in HOBOMobile to maintain the visual alarm until the alarm button was pressed (see *Setting up Alarms*).





Mounting Loops: Use the two mounting loops (only one visible in the diagram) to mount the logger with the hook-and-loop strap (see *Mounting the Logger*).

Temperature Sensor: This sensor is located in the lower left corner of the raised panel to the right of the LCD screen.

RH Sensor: This sensor is located behind the vented panel in the logger case to the right of the LCD screen and the temperature sensor.

LCD Screen: This logger is equipped with an LCD screen that displays details about the current status. This example shows all symbols illuminated on the LCD screen followed by definitions of each symbol in the table on the next page.



LCD Symbol	Description
START	The logger is waiting to be started or restarted. Press and hold the Start/Stop button for 3 seconds to start the logger.
STOP	The logger has been started with push button stop enabled; press and hold the Start/Stop button for 3 seconds to stop the logger.
	The battery indicator shows the approximate battery power remaining.
MEMORY 	The logger has been configured to stop logging when memory fills. The memory bar indicates the approximate space remaining in the logger to record data. When first started, all five segments in the bar will be empty. In this example, the logger memory is almost full (only one segment in the memory bar is empty).
MEMORY 	The logger has been configured to never stop logging (wrapping). The logger will continue recording data indefinitely, with newest data overwriting the oldest data until the batteries die or the logger is reconfigured. When first launched, all five segments in the memory bar will be empty. In this example, the memory is full (all five segments are filled in) and new data is now overwriting the oldest data. This will continue until the logger is stopped or the battery runs out.
LOGGING	The logger is currently logging.
	A sensor reading is above or below the high or low alarm limit that you configured. Press and release the Alarm/Stats button until the “alm” symbol (described below) is displayed on the screen. This symbol at left will clear depending on how visual alarms were configured in HOBOMobile. If the visual alarm was set to clear when the logger is reconfigured, this symbol will remain on the LCD until the next time new configure settings are loaded onto the logger (see <i>Setting up the Logger</i>). Otherwise, it will clear when the sensor reading is back within the alarm limits or by pressing the Alarm/Stats button for 3 seconds.
CLEAR	A visual alarm is ready to be cleared. This will only appear if HOBOMobile was configured to maintain the visual alarm until the alarm button is pressed. Press the Alarm/Stats button for 3 seconds to clear the visual alarm. Note that an audible alarm can be silenced by pressing the Start/Stop button or Alarm/Stats button for 1 second.
max min avg sd σ	These symbols show the maximum, minimum, average, and standard deviation values most recently calculated by the logger (if the logging mode has been set to Fixed Interval in HOBOMobile and each statistic has been selected; see <i>Statistics Logging</i>). Press the Alarm/Stats button for 1 second to cycle through the available statistics and then back to the current sensor reading (or to the alarm value if applicable).
alm	This is the farthest out-of-range sample displayed during the logger deployment. Press the Alarm/Stats button to view this reading. Press the Alarm/Stats button again to cycle through any statistics (defined above) and ultimately back to the current sensor reading.
00.02^F	This is an example of a temperature reading. Temperature units are determined by the settings in HOBOMobile. To switch between Celsius and Fahrenheit, change the units in the HOBOMobile Settings (the logger must be reconfigured for units changes to take effect).

LCD Symbol	Description
68.0^{%RH}	This is an example of an RH reading.
05:38 m:s	The logger has been configured to start logging on a particular date/time. The display will count down in days, hours, minutes, and seconds until logging begins. In this example, 5 minutes and 38 seconds remain until logging will begin.
Load	The configure settings are being loaded onto the logger from HOBOMobile.
Err	An error occurred while loading the configure settings onto the logger from HOBOMobile. Try reconfiguring the logger.
Stop	The logger has been stopped with HOBOMobile or because the memory is full.

Notes:

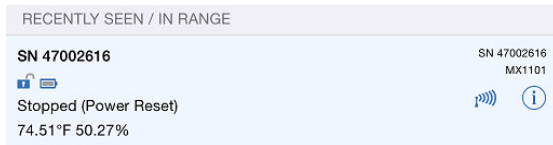
- You can disable the LCD screen when logging. Deselect “Show LCD” when setting up the logger as described in the next section. When this option is disabled, you can still temporarily view the LCD screen by pushing the Start/Stop button for 1 second. The LCD will then remain on for 10 minutes.
- The LCD screen refreshes every 15 seconds regardless of the logging interval selected in HOBOMobile. If you choose a logging interval less than 15 seconds, the data will be recorded at the faster interval, but the sensor readings will only be updated on the screen every 15 seconds.
- When the logger has stopped logging, the LCD screen will remain on with “STOP” displayed until the logger is offloaded to your mobile device (unless the logger was configured with the “Show LCD” option disabled). Once the logger has been offloaded, the LCD will turn off automatically after 2 hours. The LCD will turn back on the next time the logger connects with your device through HOBOMobile.
- The LCD screen flashes “HELLO” when you page the logger from HOBOMobile (see *Downloading HOBOMobile and Connecting to a Logger*).
- The LCD screen flashes “CHIRP OFF” when an audible alarm is cleared.

Downloading HOBOMobile and Connecting to a Logger

Install the HOBOMobile app to connect to and work with the logger.

1. **Download HOBOMobile.** Go to the App StoreSM or Google PlayTM and download the HOBOMobile app to your phone or tablet.
2. **Install the batteries.** Open the battery door on the back of the logger and insert two AAA batteries observing polarity (see *Battery Information*). Reinsert the battery door and snap it back into place.
3. **Open HOBOMobile.** Enable Bluetooth in your device settings if prompted.

4. **Connect to the logger.** Tap . The logger should appear in the Recently Seen/In Range list as shown here.



Tap the row in the list to connect to the logger. If it does not appear in the list, make sure the logger is within range of your mobile device. Note that current sensor readings are always visible in this list even if the logger is not logging.

Tips for connecting:

- Make sure the logger is within range of your mobile device. The range for successful wireless communication is approximately 30.5 m (100 ft) with full line-of-sight.
- If your device can connect to the logger intermittently or loses its connection, move closer to the logger, within sight if possible.
- If the logger appears in the Recently Seen/In Range list, but you cannot connect to it, close HOBOMobile and power cycle the mobile device. This forces the previous Bluetooth connection to close.

Once connected to the logger you can select one of the following actions:


- **Configure.** Select logger settings and load them onto the logger to start logging. See *Setting up the Logger*.
- **Readout.** Offload logger data. See *Reading Out the Logger*.
- **Full Status Details.** Check the battery level and view the configuration settings currently selected for the logger.
- **Start Logging or Restart Logging.** These options appear depending on the Start Logging and Stop Logging settings selected in the next section.
- **Stop Logging.** Stop the logger from recording data (this overrides any Stop Logging settings described in *Setting up the Logger*).
- **Page.** Press and hold the Page icon and the logger will beep to help you locate a deployed logger (tap the Page icon if you only want the logger to beep once). "HELLO" also appears on the LCD when the logger is paged.
- **Clear Audible Alarm.** If audible alarms are enabled as described in *Setting up Alarms*, use this to clear a beeping alarm on the logger.
- **Logger Password.** Select this to create a password for the logger that will be required if another mobile device attempts to connect to it. To reset a password, simultaneously press both the Start/Stop button and the Alarm/Stats button on the top of the logger for 3 seconds or tap Reset to Factory Default in the Set Logger Password screen.
- **Update Firmware.** When new logger firmware is available, this action appears in the list. Select it and follow the instructions on the screen. Note that if there is a communication failure during the firmware update process, the logger will revert to the previous firmware.

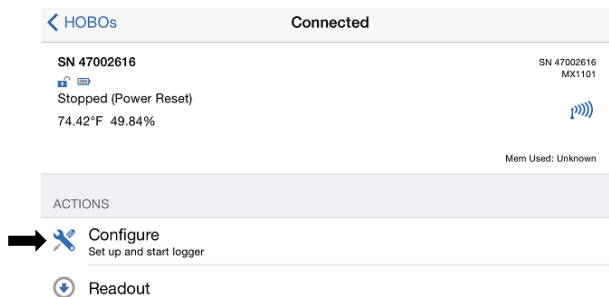
Important: Before updating the firmware on the logger, always read out the logger first. Check the remaining battery level by selecting Full Status Details and make sure it is no less than 30%. Make sure you have the time to complete the entire update process, which requires that the logger remains connected to the device during the upgrade.

- **Force Offload.** This may appear if an error was encountered when loading configure settings. Select this to offload all the data on the logger before reconfiguring the logger.

Setting up the Logger

Use HOBOMobile to set up the logger, including setting alarms, selecting the options to start and stop logging, and choosing a logging mode. These steps provide an overview of setting up the logger. For complete details, see the *HOBOMobile User's Guide*.

1. Tap  and select a logger in the Recently Seen/In Range list to connect to it.
2. Once connected, tap Configure.



3. Tap Name and type a name for the logger up to 20 characters (optional). Tap Done.
4. Tap Group to add the logger to the Favorites group, an existing custom group, or create a new group name with up to 20 characters (optional). Tap Done.
5. Tap Logging Interval and choose how frequently the logger will record data unless operating in burst logging mode (see *Burst Logging*).
6. Tap Start Logging and select when logging will begin:
 - **Now.** Logging will begin immediately after tapping Start in the Configure screen.
 - **On Next Logging Interval.** Logging will begin at the next even interval as determined by the selected logging interval.
 - **On Button Push.** Logging will begin once you press the Start/Stop logging button on the logger for 3 seconds.
 - **On Date/Time.** Logging will begin at a date and time you specify. Select the Date and time
 Tap Done.
7. Tap Stop Logging and select the options for when logging will end.
 - a. Choose one of two memory options:

- **When Memory Fills.** The logger will continue recording data until the memory is full.
 - **Never (Wrap When Full).** The logger will continue recording data indefinitely, with newest data overwriting the oldest. This option is not available if the Logging Mode is set to Burst (see *Burst Logging*).
- b. Select On Button Push if you want to be able to stop logging by pushing the Start/Stop button on the logger for 3 seconds. Note that if you also choose On Button Push for the Start Logging option, then you will not be able to stop logging until 30 seconds after logging begins. If you select On Button Push for the Stop Logging option, then you also have the option to select Allow Button Restart. This allows you to stop and then resume logging during the deployment by pushing the Start/Stop button on the logger for 3 seconds.

Important: When Allow Button Restart is selected and you use the Start/Stop button to stop and restart logging, logging will restart on the next even logging interval, not at the time the button was pushed. For example, a logger started logging at 7:00 AM with a logging interval set to 1 hour. If you press the Start/Stop button to stop the logger at 8:45 AM and then press the button again at 10:15 AM, logging will not begin immediately at 10:15 AM. Instead, logging will begin again at 11:00 AM, which is the next even interval time based on your 1-hour logging interval. Therefore, depending on the logging interval, the gap between the time you press the button to resume logging and the time actual logging begins could be significant. The faster the logging interval, the less time will elapse before logging resumes.

- c. Select one of the following time options for when to stop logging:
- **Never.** Select this if you do not want the logger to stop at any predetermined time frame.
 - **On Date/Time.** Select this if you want the logger to stop logging on a specific date and time. Select the date and time and then tap Done.
 - **After.** Select this if you want to control how long the logger should continue logging once it starts. Choose the amount of time you want the logger to log data and then tap Done. For example, select 30 days if you want the logger to log data for 30 days after logging begins.
- d. Tap Done.
8. Select the sensor measurement types that will be logged. By default, both the temperature and RH sensors are enabled. Both sensors are required to calculate dew point, which is an additional data series available for plotting after reading out the logger. You can also set up alarms to trip when a sensor reading rises above or falls below a specified value. See *Setting up Alarms* for details on enabling sensor alarms and selecting the associated audible and visual alarm settings.
9. Tap Logging Mode. Select either fixed interval logging or burst logging. With fixed interval logging, the logger records data for all enabled sensors and/or selected statistics at the logging interval selected (see *Statistics Logging* for details on choosing statistics options). In burst mode, logging

occurs at a different interval when a specified condition is met. See *Burst Logging* for more information. Tap Done.


10. Enable or disable Show LCD, which controls whether the LCD on the logger will remain illuminated while the logger is logging. If you disable Show LCD, the LCD on the logger will not show the current reading, status, or other information while the logger is logging. You will, however, be able to temporarily turn the LCD screen on by pressing the Start/Stop button on the logger for 1 second. In addition, you can always view the status of any in-range logger on your mobile device regardless of the logger's LCD setting (may require a logger password as applicable).
11. Tap Start in the upper right corner of the Configure screen to load the settings onto the logger if you are ready to start.

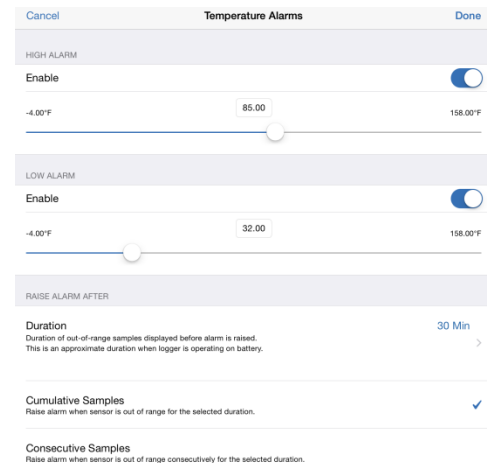


Logging will begin based on the settings you selected. Deploy the logger using the mounting materials (see *Mounting the Logger*). After logging begins, you can read out the logger at any time (see *Reading Out the Logger* for details).

Setting up Alarms

You can set an alarm to trip on the logger when a sensor reading rises above or falls below a specified value. This can alert you to problems so you can take corrective action. To set an alarm:

1. Tap  and select a logger in the Recently Seen/In Range list to connect to it.
2. Once connected, tap Configure.
3. In Sensor & Alarm Setup, tap an enabled sensor.
4. Enable the High Alarm if you want an alarm to trip when the sensor reading rises above the high alarm value. Drag the slider to the reading that will trip the alarm or tap the value field and type a specific reading. In this example, an alarm will trip when the temperature rises above 85°F.



5. Enable the Low Alarm if you want an alarm to trip when the sensor reading falls below the low alarm value. Drag the slider to the reading that will trip the alarm or tap the value

field and type a specific reading. In the example, an alarm is configured to trip when the temperature falls below 32°F.

Note: The actual values for the high and low alarm limits are set to the closest value supported by the logger.

6. Under Raise Alarm After, select the duration before an alarm is tripped.
7. If you select Cumulative Samples, then the alarm will trip when the time the sensor is out of range over the course of the deployment is equal to the selected duration. If you select Consecutive Samples, then the alarm will trip when the time the sensor is continuously out of range is equal to the selected duration. For example, the high alarm for temperature is set to 85°F and the duration is set to 30 minutes. If Cumulative is selected, then an alarm will trip once a sensor reading has been at or above 85°F for a total of 30 minutes since the logger was configured; specifically, this could be 15 minutes above 85°F in the morning and then 15 minutes above 85°F again in the afternoon. If Consecutive is selected, then an alarm will trip only if all sensor readings are 85°F or above for a continuous 30-minute period.
8. Tap Done and repeat steps 3–8 for the other sensor if desired.
9. Back in the Configure screen, enable Audible Alarms if you want a beep to sound on the logger every 30 seconds when the sensor alarm trips. The beeping will continue until the alarm is cleared from HOBOMobile, either button on the top of the logger is pressed, or 7 days have passed. Battery life will be slightly reduced when this setting is enabled. It is recommended that you only enable this feature if you have regular access to the logger so that you can easily turn off the beeping.
10. Also in the Configure screen, select one of the following options to determine how long the alarm icon will remain illuminated on the logger LCD screen after an alarm trips:
 - **Logger Reconfigured.** The alarm icon will remain visible on the LCD until the next time the logger is reconfigured.
 - **Sensor in Limits.** The alarm icon will remain visible on the LCD until the sensor reading returns to the normal range between any configured high and low alarm limits.
 - **Alarm Button Pressed.** The alarm icon will remain visible until you press the Alarm/Stats button on the logger.
11. Tap Start in the Configure screen to load the alarm settings onto the logger if you are ready to start.

Notes:

- The alarm icon will be illuminated on the logger LCD when the alarm trips. You can also press the Alarms/Stats button on the logger to view the farthest out-of-range value during the deployment. Alarm limits are checked when the logger's LCD screen refreshes every 15 seconds.
- The actual values for the high and low alarm limits are set to the closest value supported by the logger. For example, the closest value to 85°F that the logger can record is 84.990°F and the closest value to 32°F is 32.043°F. In addition, alarms can trip or clear when the sensor reading is within the logger specifications of 0.02°C resolution. This means the value that triggers the alarm may differ slightly than the value entered. For

example, if the High Alarm is set to 75.999°F, the alarm can trip when the sensor reading is 75.994°F (which is within the 0.02°C resolution).

- When you read out the logger, alarm events can be displayed on the plot or in the data file. See *Recording Internal Logger Events*.
- Once cleared, an audible alarm will start beeping again if the sensor values go out of the normal range. Even if an audible alarm is cleared, a visual alarm may remain on the logger LCD and in HOBOMobile depending on the settings selected for maintaining visual alarms or because the alarm condition may still be in effect. In addition, an audible alarm will continue beeping when the sensor values have returned to the normal range until it is cleared as described in step 9.
- Although an audible alarm and a visual alarm can occur at the same time when a sensor alarm is tripped, they are cleared in different ways. The audible alarm can be cleared as described in step 9. Meanwhile, a visual alarm is cleared as determined by the setting selected for Maintain Visual Alarm Until in the Configure screen. This means you could clear a beeping audible alarm and the visual alarm will remain on the LCD and in HOBOMobile until the logger is reconfigured, the sensor is in limits, or the alarm button is pressed—whichever setting you selected.
- If the logger was configured to stop logging with a button push, any tripped alarms will be cleared automatically when logging is stopped and no Alarm Cleared event will be logged in the data file. This ensures that the logger will start checking for alarm conditions when logging resumes (if the logger was configured with Allow Button Restart selected).

Burst Logging

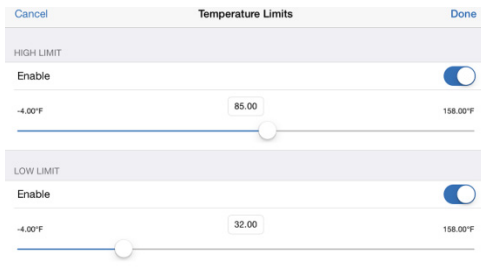
Burst logging is a logging mode that allows you to set up more frequent logging when a specified condition is met. For example, a logger is recording data at a 5-minute logging interval and burst logging is configured to log every 30 seconds when the temperature rises above 85°F (the high limit) or falls below 32°F (the low limit). This means the logger will record data every 5 minutes as long as the temperature remains between 85°F and 32°F. Once the temperature rises above 85°F, the logger will switch to the faster logging rate and record data every 30 seconds until the temperature falls back to 85°F. At that time, logging then resumes every 5 minutes at the normal logging interval. Similarly, if the temperature falls below 32°F, then the logger would switch to burst logging mode again and record data every 30 seconds. Once the temperature rises back to 32°F, the logger will then return to normal mode, logging every 5 minutes. **Note:** Sensor alarms, statistics, and the Stop Logging option “Wrap When Full” are not available in burst logging mode.

To set up burst logging:



1. Tap **HOBOMobile** and select a logger in the Recently Seen/In Range list to connect to it.
2. Once connected, tap Configure.
3. Tap Logging Mode and then tap Burst Logging.
4. Tap a sensor under Burst Sensor Limits.

5. Enable High Limit if you want burst logging to occur when the sensor reading rises above a specific reading. Drag the slider to the reading that will trigger burst logging or tap the value field and type a specific reading. In this example, the logger will switch to burst logging when the temperature rises above 85°F.



6. Enable Low Limit if you want burst logging to occur when the sensor reading falls below a specific reading. Drag the slider to the reading that will trigger burst logging or tap the value field and type a specific reading. In the example, the logger will switch to burst logging when the temperature falls below 32°F.
7. Tap Done and repeat steps 4–7 for the other sensor if desired.
8. Tap Burst Logging Interval and select an interval faster than the logging interval. Keep in mind that the more frequent the burst logging rate, the greater the impact on battery life and the shorter the logging duration. Tap Done.
9. Tap Done to exit the Logging Mode screen.
10. Tap Start in the Configure screen to load the burst settings onto the logger if you are ready to start.

Notes:

- Once the logger is configured, the high and low burst limits are only checked when the logger's LCD screen refreshes once every 15 seconds. Therefore, if you set the logging interval to less than 15 seconds and the sensor reading falls outside the levels, the burst logging will not begin until the next 15-second refresh cycle.
- If high and/or low limits have been configured for more than one sensor, then burst logging will begin when any high or low condition goes out of range. Burst logging will not end until all conditions on all sensors are back within normal range.
- The actual values for the burst logging limits are set to the closest value supported by the logger. For example, the closest value to 85°F that the logger can record is 84.990°F and the closest value to 32°F is 32.043°F.
- Burst logging mode can begin or end when the sensor reading is within the logger specifications of 0.02°C resolution. This means the value that triggers burst logging may differ slightly than the value entered. For example, if the high limit for a temperature alarm is set to 75.999°F, burst logging can start when the sensor reading is 75.994°F (which is within the 0.02°C resolution).
- Once the high or low condition clears, the logging interval time will be calculated using the last recorded data point in burst logging mode, not the last data point recorded in "normal mode." For example, let's assume the logger has a 10-minute logging interval and logged a

data point at 9:05. Then, the high limit was surpassed and burst logging began at 9:06. Burst logging then continued until 9:12 when the sensor reading fell back below the high limit. Now back in normal mode, the next logging interval will be 10 minutes from the last burst logging point, or 9:22 in this case. If burst logging had not occurred, the next data point would have been at 9:15.

- A New Interval event is created each time the logger enters or exits burst logging mode. See *Recording Internal Logger Events* for details on plotting and viewing the event. In addition, if the logger is stopped with a button push while in burst logging mode, then a New Interval event is automatically logged and the burst condition is cleared, even if the actual high or low condition has not cleared. The logger will check the high and low conditions when logging resumes (if the logger was configured with Allow Button Restart selected).


Statistics Logging

During fixed interval logging, the logger records data for enabled sensors and/or selected statistics at the logging interval selected. Statistics are calculated at a sampling rate you specify with the results for the sampling period recorded at each logging interval. The following statistics can be logged for each sensor:

- The maximum, or highest, sampled value,
- The minimum, or lowest, sampled value,
- An average of all sampled values, and
- The standard deviation from the average for all sampled values.

For example, a logger is configured with both the temperature and RH sensors enabled, and the logging interval set to 5 minutes. The logging mode is set to fixed interval logging with Normal and all four statistics enabled and with a statistics sampling interval of 30 seconds. Once logging begins, the logger will measure and record the actual temperature and RH sensor values every 5 minutes. In addition, the logger will take a temperature and RH sample every 30 seconds and temporarily store them in memory. The logger will then calculate the maximum, minimum, average, and standard deviation using the samples gathered over the previous 5-minute period and log the resulting values. When reading out the logger, this would result in 10 data series (not including any derived series, such as dew point): two sensor series (with temperature and RH data logged every 5 minutes) plus eight maximum, minimum, average, and standard deviation series (four for temperature and four for RH with values calculated and logged every 5 minutes based on the 30-second sampling).

To log statistics:



1. Tap  and select a logger in the Recently Seen/In Range list to connect to it.
2. Once connected, tap Configure.
3. Tap Logging Mode and then select Fixed Interval Logging.
4. Select Normal to record the current reading for each enabled sensor at the logging interval shown at the top of the screen. Do not select this if you only want to log statistics.

- Select the statistics you want the logger to record at each logging interval: Maximum, Minimum, Average, and Standard Deviation (average is automatically enabled when selecting Standard Deviation). Statistics will be logged for all enabled sensors. In addition, the more statistics you record, the shorter the logger duration and the more memory is required.
- Tap Statistics Sampling Interval and select the rate to use for calculating statistics. The rate must be less than, and a factor of, the logging interval. For example, if the logging interval is 1 minute and you select 5 seconds for the sampling rate, then the logger will take 12 sample readings between each logging interval (one sample every 5 seconds for a minute) and use the 12 samples to record the resulting statistics at each 1-minute logging interval. Note that the more frequent the sampling rate, the greater the impact on battery life.
- Tap Done.
- Tap Done again to exit the Logging Mode screen.
- Tap Start in the Configure screen to load the statistics settings onto the logger if you are ready to start.

Once logging begins, click the Alarm/Stats button on the logger to cycle through the current maximum, minimum, average, and standard deviation data on the LCD screen. Note that the logger will always display the current sensor readings in HOBOMobile even if they are not being logged. You can plot the statistics series once you read out the logger.



Reading Out the Logger

To offload data from the logger:

- Tap  HOBOMobile.
- Find the logger you wish to offload in the Recently Seen/In Range list and tap that row.
- Once connected, tap Readout.
- Tap  Data Files to view a mini-graph of the offloaded data.
- Tap the mini-graph to view a larger version of the graph or to share the file.

See the *HOBOMobile User's Guide* for details on viewing graphs and sharing data.

Recording Internal Logger Events

The logger records the following internal events to track logger operation and status. To plot events in HOBOMobile, tap a mini-graph and then tap . Select the events you wish to plot and then tap  again. You can also view events in shared or exported data files.

Internal Event Name	Definition
Host Connected	The logger was connected to the mobile device.
Started	The Start/Stop button was pressed to begin or resume logging.
Stopped	The logger received a command to stop recording data (from HOBOMobile or by pushing the Start/Stop button).

Internal Event Name	Definition
Button Up/Button Down	The Start/Stop button was pressed for 1 second.
Chan <#> Alarm Tripped	A sensor alarm has tripped; <#> is the sensor number, where 1 is temperature and 2 is RH.
Chan <#> Alarm Cleared	A sensor alarm has cleared; <#> is the sensor number, where 1 is temperature and 2 is RH. This event also contains the value that was furthest out of range for the sensor before the alarm cleared, which is only available in a shared or exported file.
New Interval	The logger has entered or exited burst logging mode.
Safe Shutdown	The battery level dropped below 2.5 V; the logger performs a safe shutdown.

Mounting the Logger

There are several ways to mount the logger using the materials included:

- Use the four magnets on the back of the logger case to mount it to a magnetic surface.
- Attach Command strips to the back of the logger to mount it a wall or other flat surface. Double up the two Command strips so that they protrude past the magnets.
- Use the double-sided tape to affix the logger to a surface.
- Insert the hook-and-loop strap through the mounting loops on both sides of the logger to mount it to a curved surface, such as a pipe or tubing.

Protecting the Logger

The logger is designed for indoor use and can be permanently damaged by corrosion if it gets wet. Protect it from condensation. If the message FAIL CLK appears on the LCD screen, there was a failure with the internal logger clock possibly due to condensation. Remove the battery immediately and dry the circuit board.

Note: Static electricity may cause the logger to stop logging.

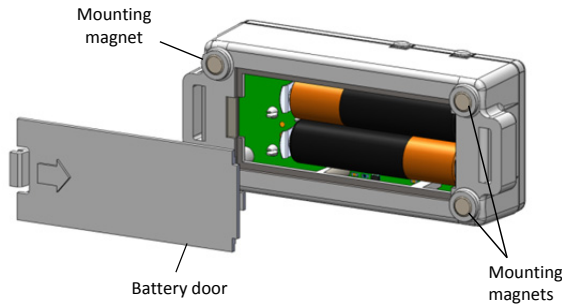
The logger has been tested to 8 KV, but avoid electrostatic discharge by grounding yourself to protect the logger. For more information, search for "static discharge" on onsetcomp.com.

Battery Information

The logger requires two user-replaceable AAA 1.5 V alkaline or optional lithium batteries for operation at the extreme ends of the logger operating range. Expected battery life varies based on the ambient temperature where the logger is deployed, the logging or sampling interval, frequency of offloading and connection to the mobile device, number of channels that are active, audible alarms duration, use of burst mode or statistics logging, and battery performance. New batteries typically last 1 year with logging intervals greater than 1 minute. Deployments in extremely cold or hot temperatures, a logging interval faster than 1 minute, or a sampling interval faster than 15 seconds can impact battery life. Estimates are not guaranteed due to uncertainties in initial battery conditions and operating environment.

To install or replace the batteries:

1. Open the battery door on the back of the logger.



2. Remove any old batteries.

3. Insert two new batteries observing polarity.
4. Reinsert the battery door and snap it back into place.

⚠ WARNING: Do not cut open, incinerate, heat above 85°C (185°F), or recharge the lithium batteries. The batteries may explode if the logger is exposed to extreme heat or conditions that could damage or destroy the battery case. Do not dispose of the logger or batteries in fire. Do not expose the contents of the batteries to water. Dispose of the batteries according to local regulations for lithium batteries.

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Industry Canada Statements

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Avis de conformité pour l'Industrie Canada

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

To comply with FCC and Industry Canada RF radiation exposure limits for general population, the HOBO MX1101 loggers must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

NCC Statement

經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機，非經許可，公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻率、加大功率或變更原設計之特性及功能。

低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通信；經發現有干擾現象時，應立即停用，並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。前項合法通信，指依電信法規定作業之無線電通信。低功率射頻電機須忍受合法通信或工業、科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。

Translation:

Article 12

Without permission granted by the NCC, any company, enterprise, or user is not allowed to change frequency, enhance transmitting power or alter original characteristic as well as performance to an approved low power radio-frequency device.

Article 14

The low power radio-frequency devices shall not influence aircraft security and interfere with legal communications. If found, the user shall cease operating immediately until no interference is achieved. The said legal communications means radio communications is operated in compliance with the Telecommunications Act. The low power radio-frequency devices must be susceptible with the interference from legal communications or ISM radio wave radiated devices.